

Tabula insights: Is timing credit worth it?

October 2019

This paper assesses the value of market timing in European credit, using the case of a CDS based strategy.

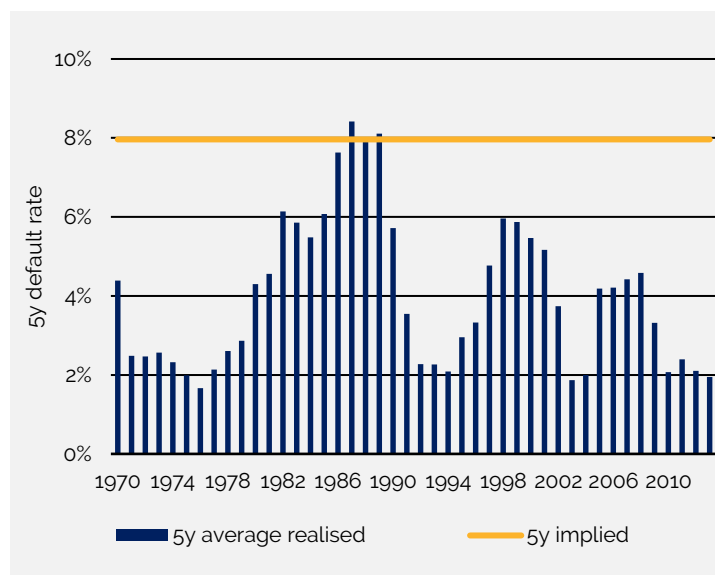
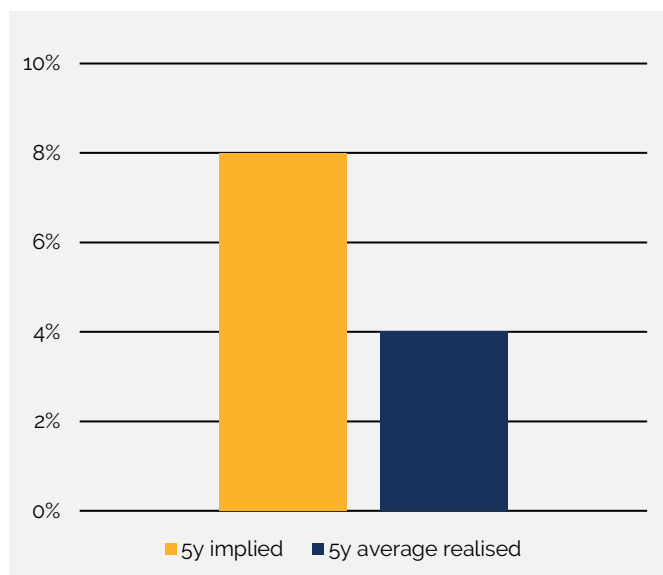
Is timing credit worth it?

With absolute spread levels in European credit compressing to near historic lows on the back of central bank measures, investors are questioning the attractiveness of the buy-and-hold approach. This whitepaper assesses the value of weathering market volatility and staying long in a CDS-based credit strategy with a twelve-year performance history in effort to profit from the ongoing carry and roll-down of the credit curve. This approach is tested in comparison to three momentum indicator-based trading strategies to examine whether attempting to time credit spreads to determine entry points would have meaningfully improved performance.

Why access credit with CDS?

CDS indices are the most broadly traded credit instruments with tight bid/offer spreads and deep liquidity. Accessing credit risk premia without the interest rate component inherent to cash bonds, enables investors to more effectively capture the dislocation between implied and realised default rates. By concentrating liquidity, indices trade more efficiently than single name CDS or comparable bond products. Central clearing of actively traded indices reduces counterparty risk and allow easy scaling of exposure with standardised contract terms.

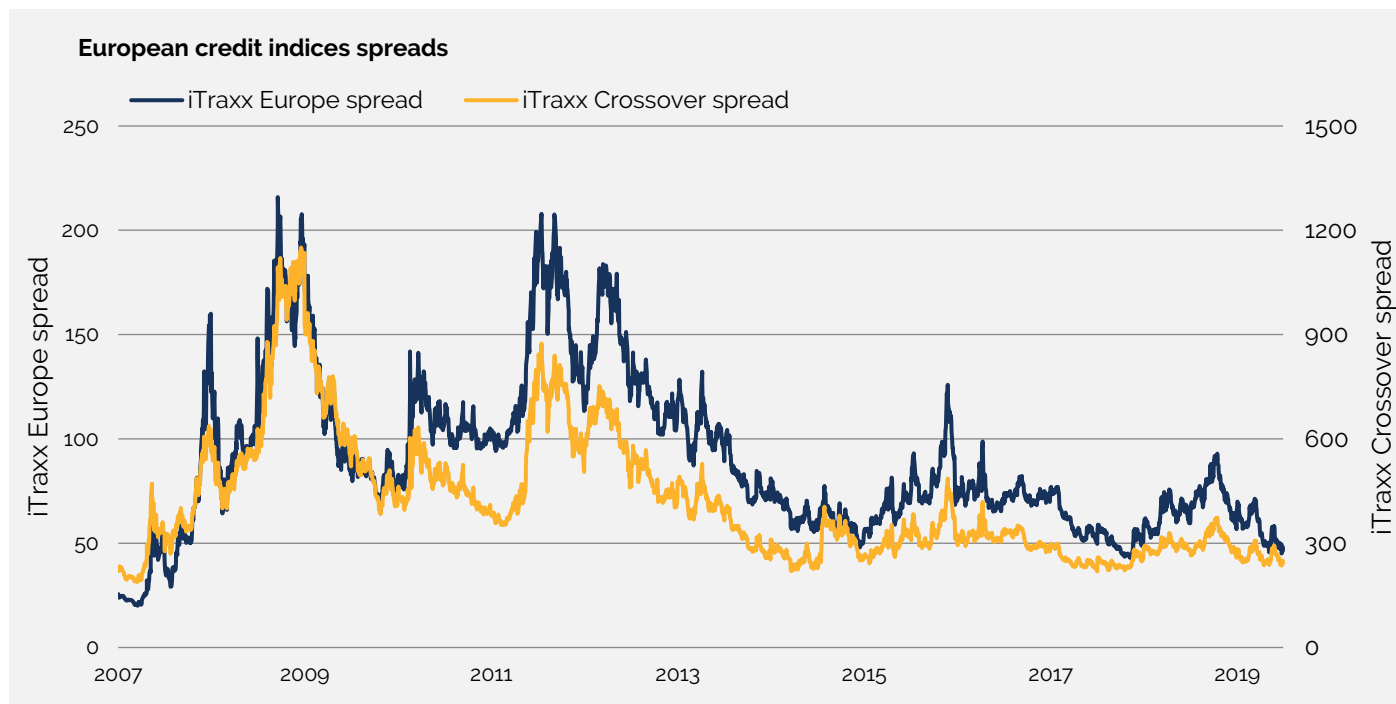
The strategy used to invest in European spreads in this whitepaper is the iTraxx European Performance Credit Index (ITRXPFL) which scales up exposure to two highly liquid and established indices, the iTraxx Europe 5y and iTraxx Crossover 5y. It takes total market exposure of 300%, with 80% allocated to investment grade and 20% to high yield via a protection seller position, making it effectively long credit. As seen below, the premium resulting from the difference between realised and implied default rates has been a persistent feature of the index in almost every year since 1970:



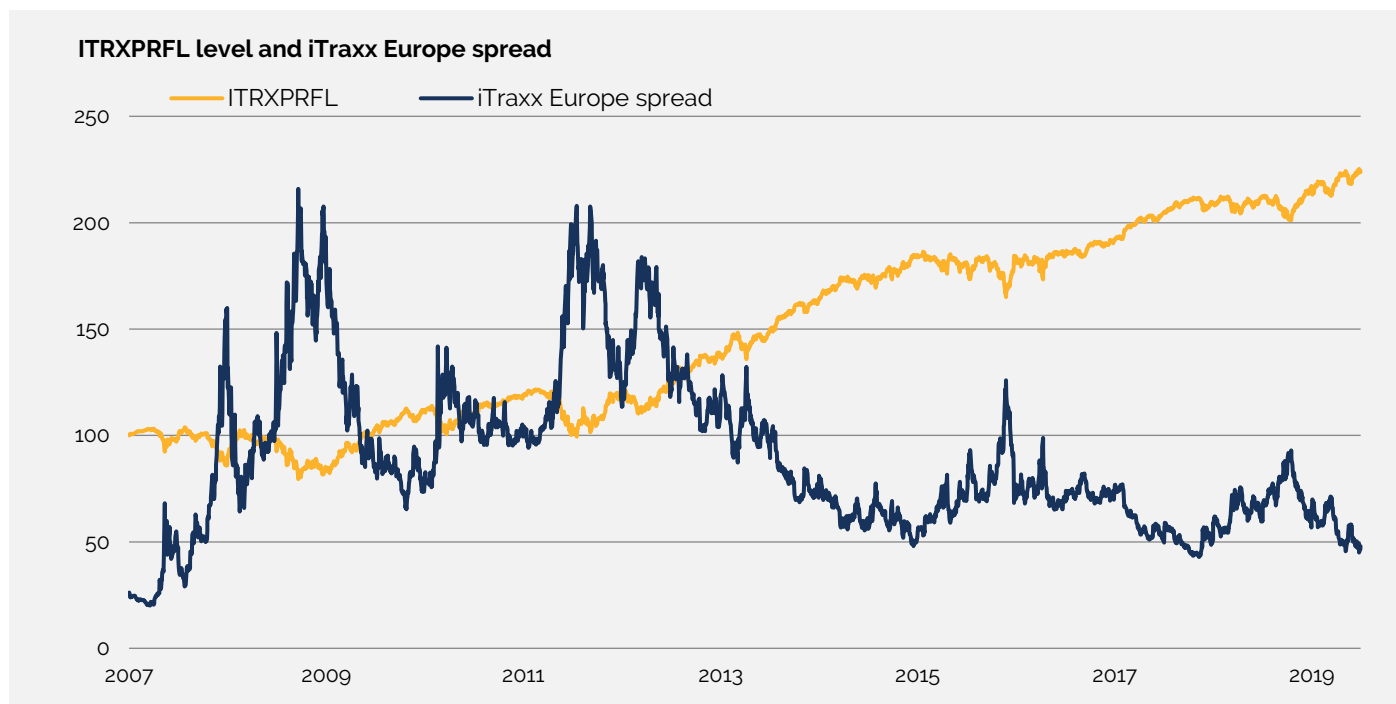
Data: Moody's Annual Default Study - Corporate Default and Recovery Rates, 1920-2017. Implied default rates as of 7th May 2019. Regulatory risk warning: Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

Additionally, the index offers a second source of income by rolling contracts in the underlying indices. All else equal, a protection seller generates a positive "roll" return when the credit curve is upward sloping. Due to the persistent steepness of the credit curve, this component has provided an additional source of income at a time of historically low European government bond yields as well as during periods of relatively low spread levels, contributing 2.6% to the past one-year return of 6.9%.

Due to the high correlation of spreads in the two underlying indices, as shown below, this paper takes the iTraxx Europe as the benchmark for indicating spreads in European investment grade credit as this is the main component of the credit strategy.



Data: Tabula, for the period from index inception on 20 March 2007 to 17 September 2019.
Regulatory risk warning: Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

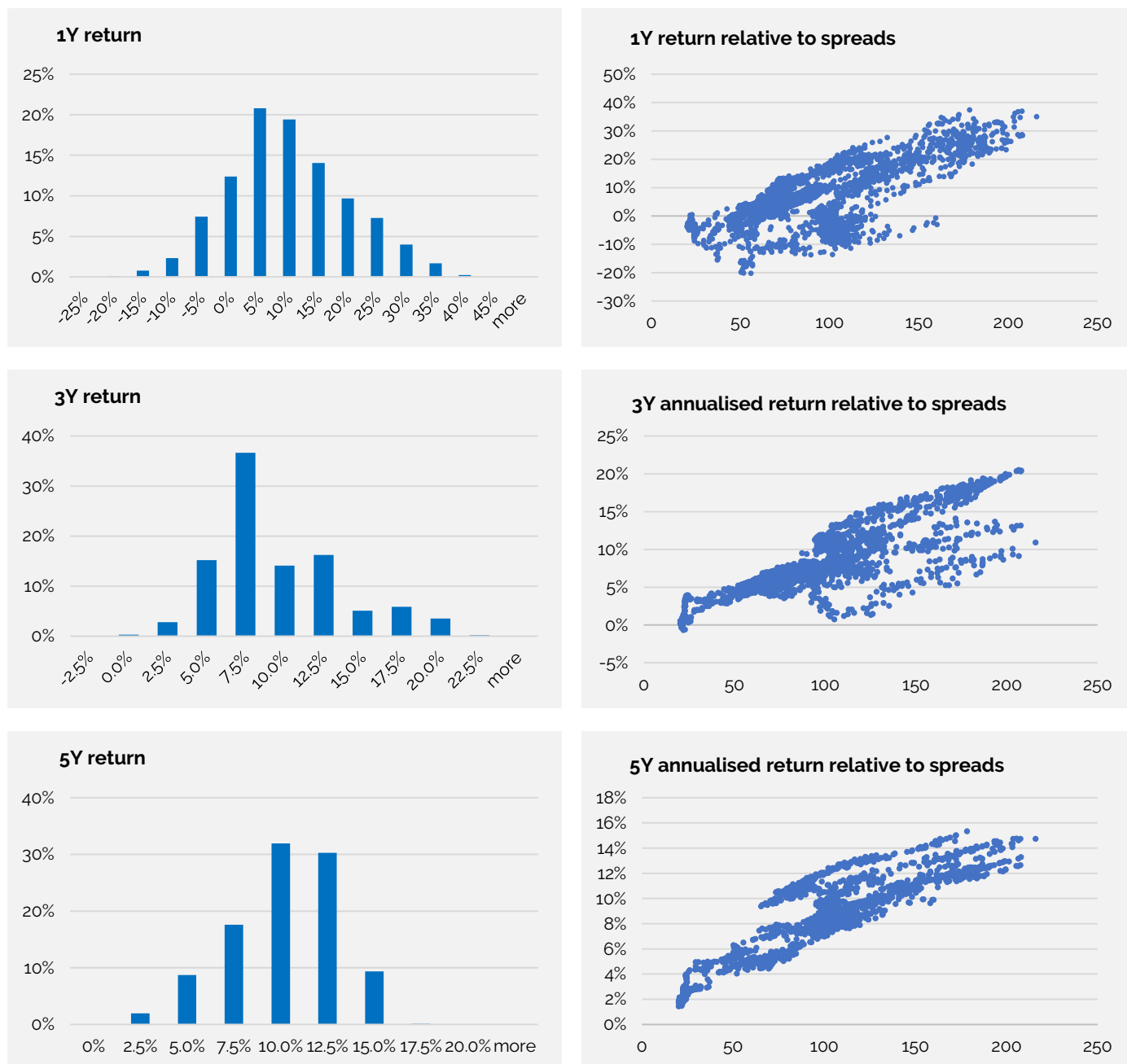


Data: Tabula, for the period from index inception on 20 March 2007 to 17 September 2019.
Regulatory risk warning: Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

Are Spreads a good indicator for future performance?

To examine the relationship between absolute spread levels and performance we analysed the performance of the strategy over different time horizons based on the spread levels at the time of entry.

The below charts break down the annualised returns relative to spread levels over one, three and five-year time periods since inception using daily returns:



Data: Tabula, for the period from index inception on 20 March 2007 to 17 September 2019.

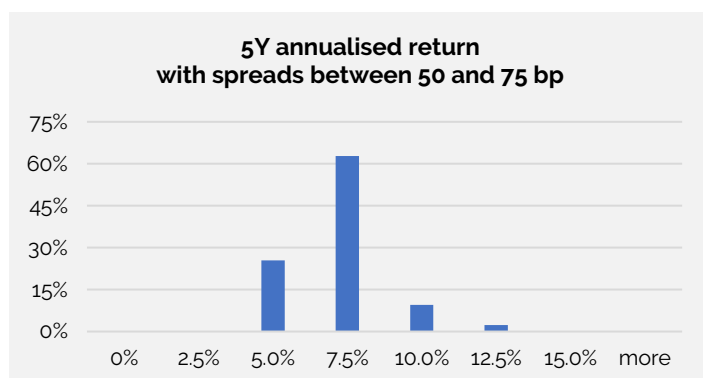
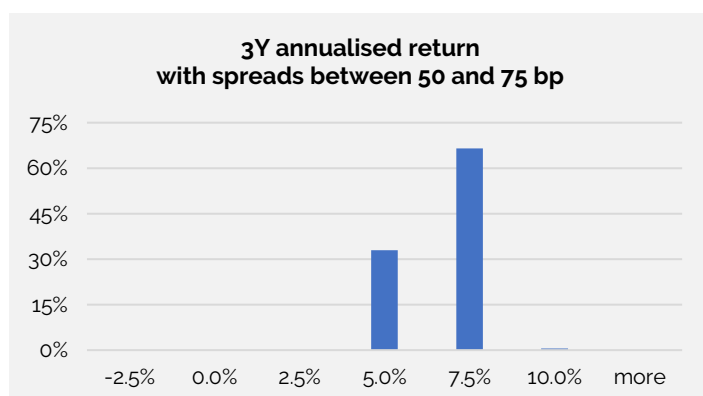
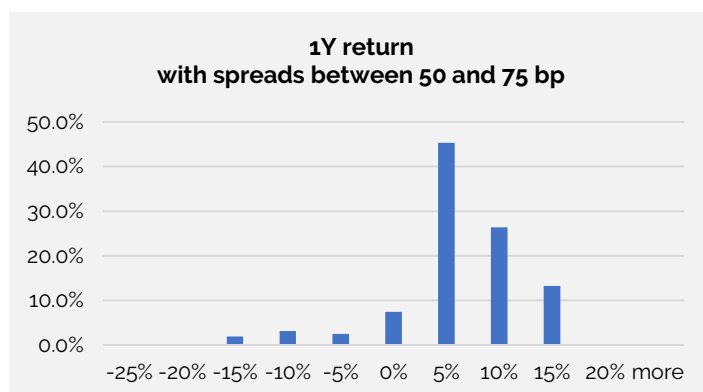
Regulatory risk warning: Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

Returns were positive 76.8% of the time over the one-year period and increased to 99.7% of the time on an annualised basis, once the time period was extended to three years. This rose to 100.0% of the time over the five-year period. A broadly positive relationship between absolute spread levels and returns, but also a higher dispersion can be seen over the three-year horizon.

The credit strategy delivered largely positive performance even at low spreads

Are low spreads a bad entry point?

Next, we examine index performance with spread levels at the lower end of the range to assess whether this would significantly reduce returns. The below charts illustrate performance with spreads at levels reflective of current conditions at between 50 and 75 bp; this has constituted the range for spread levels for 37% of the time since 2007.



The results challenge the belief that low spreads constitute a bad entry point

Data: Tabula, for the period from index inception on 20 March 2007 to 17 September 2019. Regulatory risk warning: Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

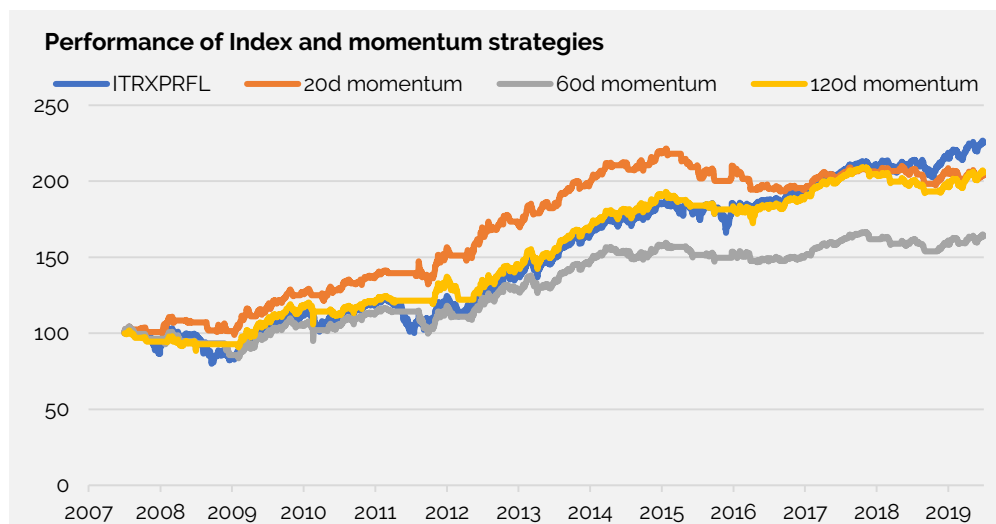
The performance improves to being positive 84.9% of the time over the one-year period, 99.5% of the time over three years, and 100% of the time over five years, indicating that low spreads were generally a good entry point over the last twelve years.

Would attempting to time the market have made a significant difference?

We tested simulated momentum strategies which sought to capture market trends on 20, 60 and 120-day bases. In these strategies, buy actions were enacted when prices were higher than the past moving day average for five consecutive days and sell actions when prices fell below the average over the same period. A transaction cost of 10bps was applied to every buy and sell transaction.

Buy and hold is comparable to 20, 60 and 120-day momentum strategies

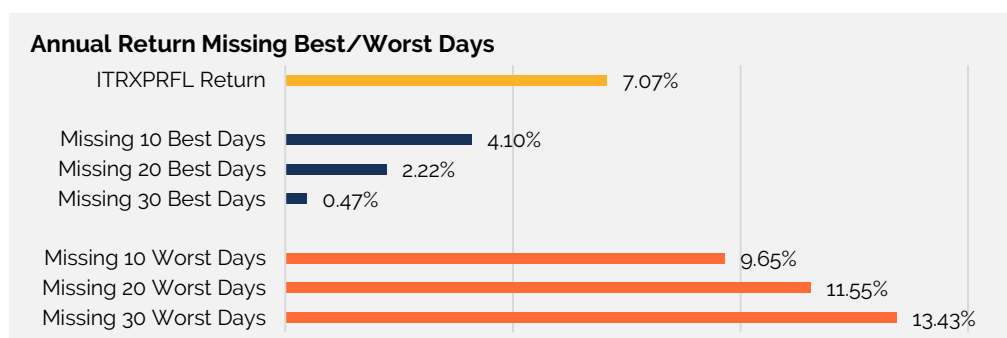
The following charts indicate that attempting to capture upward and downward market trends would not significantly improve performance compared to a buy-and-hold of the strategy. The 20-day based indicator had a period of outperformance but gave away the advantage over the last five years, resulting in an underperformance over whole period. The 60-day based strategy resulted in meaningful worse results and the 120-day based strategy performed mainly in line with a buy-and-hold approach, yet underperformed in the last two years.



| | Days of positive returns | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | One-year | 3-year (ann.) | 5-year (ann.) |
| ITRXPRFL | 77.1% | 99.7% | 100.0% |
| 20-day momentum | 74.1% | 75.7% | 93.6% |
| 60-day momentum | 67.6% | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| 120-day momentum | 77.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Data: Tabula, for the period from index inception on 20 March 2007 to 17 September 2019. Regulatory risk warning: Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

Furthermore, while a hypothetical "perfect active timing strategy" that successfully misses the worst days in the market each year could improve returns, missing the best days can negatively impact returns to a similar degree (see below chart).



Data: Tabula, for the period from index inception on 20 March 2007 to 17 September 2019. Regulatory risk warning: Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

Considering that a perfectly executed active timing strategy is practically impossible, and the index has delivered positive performance even at low spread levels over the last twelve years, there appears to be a strong case for the buy-and-hold approach.

The iTraxx European Performance Credit Index is available for trading via the Tabula European Performance Credit ETF (ticker: TCEP) on the London Stock Exchange and BX Swiss.

Get in touch to find out more or visit www.tabulaim.com

The strategy is available as a UCITS ETF (TCEP)

Important Information

This document is issued by Cheyne Capital Management (UK) LLP ("Cheyne Capital") authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA"), a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (Registered no. OC321484) Registered address: Stornoway House, 13 Cleveland Row, London, SW1A 1DH, United Kingdom. Tabula Investment Management Limited ("Tabula IM") is an Appointed Representative of Cheyne Capital. Tabula IM is a private limited company registered in England and Wales (Registered no. 11286661). Registered address: Stornoway House, 13 Cleveland Row, London, SW1A 1DH, United Kingdom. The Tabula European Performance Credit UCITS ETF (EUR) (the "ICAV") is an open-ended investment ICAV with variable capital having segregated liability between their funds organised under the laws of Ireland and authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland. This material is for distribution to Professional Clients (as defined by the FCA or MiFID Rules) and Qualified Investors only and should not be relied upon by any other persons. Tabula has not considered the suitability of this investment against your individual needs and risk tolerance. The data displayed provides summary information, any decision to invest must be based solely on the information contained in the ICAVs Prospectus, Key Investor Information Document and the latest half-yearly report and unaudited accounts and/or annual report and audited accounts, when available, free from your broker, financial adviser or Tabula Investment Management Limited. It is the responsibility of every person reading this document to satisfy himself as to the full observance of the laws of any relevant country, including obtaining any government or other consent which may be required or observing any other formality which needs to be observed in that country and which might be relevant to the subscription, purchase, holding, exchange, redemption or disposal of any investments. No provider of information presented here, including index and ratings information is liable for damages or losses of any type arising from use of their information nor breach of such legislation or for any losses relating to the accuracy, completeness or use of information in this communication, including consequential loss. No warranty of accuracy is given and no liability in respect of any error or omission is accepted. For the avoidance of doubt the ICAV is not currently registered for sale. No sale will be made in any jurisdiction in which the offer, solicitation, or sale is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make the offer, solicitation or sale. This document does not constitute an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy interests in any product and may not be used to make such an offer. The information contained in this document, especially as regards portfolio construction/parameter-type information, reflects the current thinking of Tabula IM and may be changed or modified in response to its perception of changing market conditions, or otherwise, without further notice to you. Accordingly, the information herein, in respect of investment products and services, should be considered indicative of Tabula IM current opinion and should not be relied on in making any investment decisions. This document is not, and under no circumstances is to be construed as an advertisement or any other step in furtherance of a public offering of shares in the United States or Canada. This document is not aimed at persons who are resident in the United States, Canada or any province or territory thereof, where the ICAV/securities are not authorised or registered for distribution and where no prospectus has been filed with any securities commission or regulatory authority. The ICAV/securities may not be acquired or owned by, or acquired with the assets of, an ERISA Plan. Investment in the products mentioned in this document may not be suitable for all investors. Past performance is not a guide to future performance and should not be the sole factor of consideration when selecting a product. The price of the investments may go up or down and the investor may not get back the amount invested. Your income is not fixed and may fluctuate. The value of investments involving exposure to foreign currencies can be affected by exchange rate movements. We remind you that the levels and bases of, and reliefs from, taxation can change. In respect of the products mentioned this document is intended for information purposes only and does not constitute investment advice or an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy the securities described within.

Benchmark source: the iTraxx European Performance Credit Index referenced herein is the property of Markit Indices Limited and is used under license.

© 2019 Tabula Investment Management Limited™